

# Charter guide

## Portorosa for the Aeolian island

### GENERAL INFO

#### MEETING POINT

Portorosa Tourist Complex  
Via Prestipaolo 151  
98054 – Tonnarella (ME)

**Phone office**

+39 091 58 06 79

**GPS**

38° 07'60" N

15° 06'72" E

**Weather forecast:**

VHF Channel 68

(24 hours)

### MARINA SERVICES

**VHF Channel**

09

**Service station:**

+39 0941 87 45 61

**Check Out:**

Friday at 4.00 pm

**Base opening hours**

from Sunday to Monday

**Other services in the marina:**

shops, parking, electricity (for each berth), restaurant, water (fresh water for each berth), toilets and showers (with hot water)

**Security Deposit:**

Payable at check-in by cash, Visa or Mastercard

### HOW TO REACH US

**Car**

A20 Messina-Palermo (Falcone exit)  
A18 Catania – Messina, and then  
A20 Messina – Palermo (Falcone exit)

**Bus**

- From APT Palermo to Palermo center:  
Prestia e Comandè  
(departures every 30 minutes)  
[www.prestiaecomande.it](http://www.prestiaecomande.it)
- From APT Trapani to Palermo Center:  
Autoservizi Salemi [www.autoservizisalemi.it](http://www.autoservizisalemi.it)

**Airport**

– Catania (163km)  
[www.aeroporto.catania.it](http://www.aeroporto.catania.it)  
– Palermo Falcone Borsellino (209km)  
[www.airgest.it](http://www.airgest.it)

**Private transfer**

(max 8 people, one way)  
APT Catania – Portorosa  
APT Palermo – Portorosa

**Car Rental**

Auto Europa [www.autoeuropa.it](http://www.autoeuropa.it)

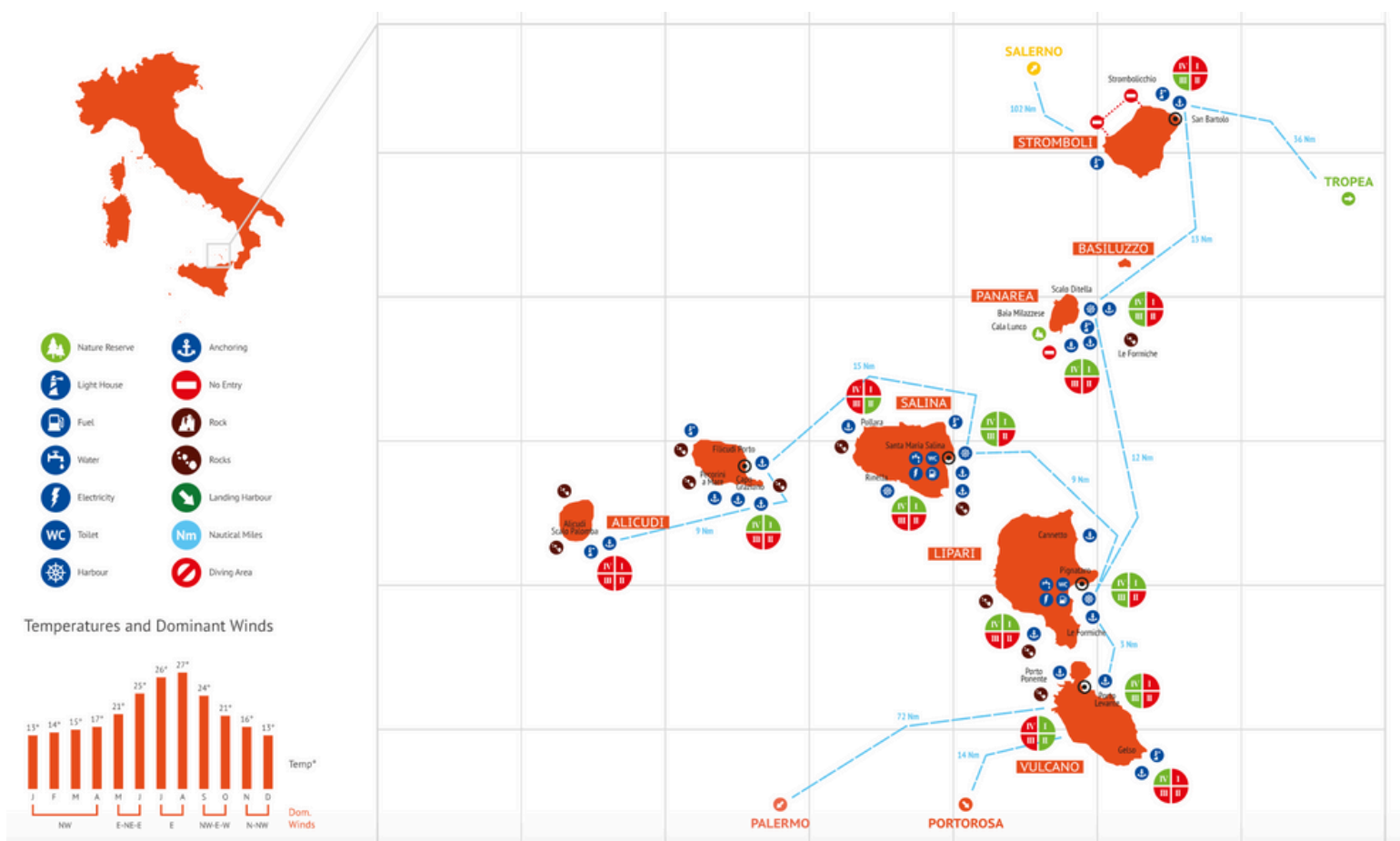
## SUGGESTED ROUTES

The Aeolian Islands, due to their geographical position, are the ideal destination for a travelling holiday even of a few days; starting from our base in Portorosa it takes only 2 and a half hours (approximately) to reach Vulcano, while to move from island to island the average time is an hour and a half.

The archipelago of the Aeolian Islands takes its name from Aeolus, the Greek god of the winds who made the seven islands scattered along the north-eastern coast of Sicily his home. The "seven pearls of the Mediterranean", so called for their extraordinary natural beauty (named by UNESCO as a "World Heritage Site"), are islands of volcanic origin with unique peculiarities.

They are islands waiting to be discovered, they have fascinating geophysical characteristics (two of the islands are active volcanoes!) and boast a rich history with a myriad of Greek myths and legends.

Finally, they are the ideal place to relax on great beaches, admire breathtaking views, go for walks in the mountains and along the coast, be seduced by appetizing cuisine and truly delicious desserts and dessert wines.



## AEOLIAN ISLANDS PORTS

### Salina

Porto delle Eolie  
Santa Maria Salina  
+39 090 90 22 167  
+39 090 98 43 473  
+39 349 38 01 150  
VHF Channel 11

### Stromboli

North Buoys Camp "Black Sand"  
+39 090 98 63 90  
VHF Channel 16/77

### Stromboli

Molotre – Nautical services and buoy field  
+39 090 98 63 90

### Vulcano

Nautical Center Baia Levante  
+39 393 91 51 901  
+39 339 33 72 795  
+39 366 73 62 8314

### Lipari

Porto Pignataro srl  
38° 28'55" N 14° 57'88" E  
+39 090 98 80 354  
+39 339 84 97 800  
VHF Channel 74

### Panarea

Buoy field "Sea Panarea srl"  
+39 366 45 81 688  
+39 338 58 64 150

### Filicudi

Buoy field "I Delfini" – Nino Terrano Via Pecorini Mare  
+39 340 14 84 645  
+39 090 98 89 077

### Filicudi

Buoy field – "The buoy"  
+39 340 76 47 999

### Stromboli

Magmatrek – Excursions  
+39 090 98 65 768  
+39 335 80 21 375

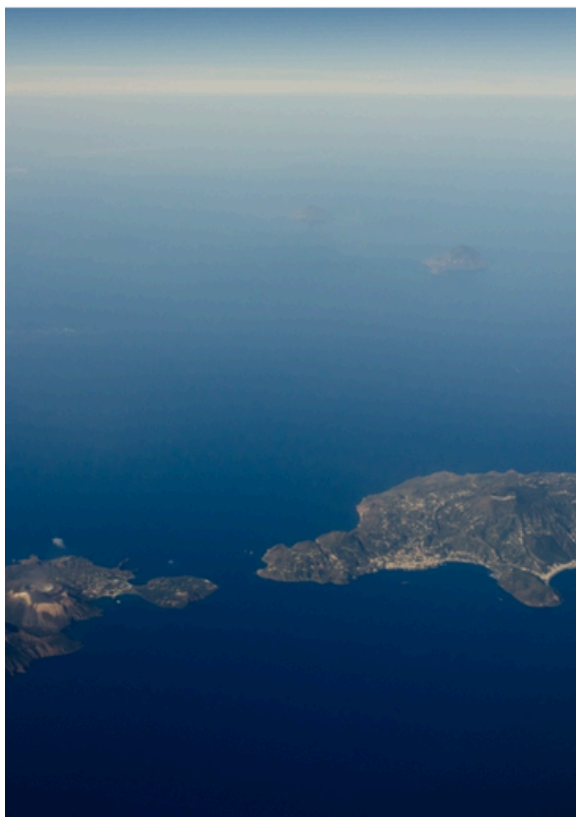
## NEARBY PORTS

### Tropea

38° 40'81" N – 15° 54'31" E Viale Raf  
Vallone snc 89861  
Francesco Murnura +39 328 0659996  
ITA/FR/GER  
VHF Channel 09

### Vibo Valentia

Marina Azzurra Pier  
Via Emilia 73, Vibo Valentia (VV)  
(10 nm north) +39 0963 57 27 84  
+39 338 33 79 448  
Request a quote  
Download the Charter guide



### **Lipari Island**

It is the largest of the Aeolian Islands and its landscapes are characterized by the white pumice stone that was extracted from the quarries.

It is also the island with the most beaches that can be reached comfortably by tender from the boat, and ideal as a location for a night at anchor.

Here are the most beautiful beaches not to be missed:

- the Bianche and Papesca beaches, which are located near the quarry;
- the Praia di Vinci beach, which is located right in front of the Faraglioni di Pietra Lunga and Pietra Menalda, probably the most beautiful and spectacular of the whole island;
- the Canneto beach, from which you can reach Punta Jalera, where there is an ancient monastery that overlooks a breathtaking panorama.



### **Vulcano island**

It is the third largest, the southernmost of the seven islands off the coast of Sicily, and the closest: only 5 NM from Portorosa (about 2h-30min of navigation).

The island is in fact a volcano that dominates the view of the entire Aeolian archipelago and the smell of sulfur is characteristic of the secondary volcanism activities still present. Characteristic are the black sand beaches of the bays of Porto Levante and Porto Ponente, ideal for safe anchoring, and the Bay of Gelso and the Bay of the Cannitello beach, where you can also enjoy excellent aperitifs served in the bars equipped for the summer season.



### **Panarea island**

It is the smallest of the Aeolian islands, but the most frequented by VIPs.

With the islets of Basiluzzo, Spinazzola, Lisca Bianca, Dattilo, Bottaro, Lisca Nera, and the rocks of Panarelli and Formiche, it forms a micro-archipelago between Lipari and the island of Stromboli.

Panarea owes its name to the physical characteristics of the land, "Panaraia" (all uneven), and is ideal for visiting by sailing boat.

On June 28 and 29 Panarea celebrates St. Peter, the patron saint of the island. The statue of the Saint is carried on the shoulders of the faithful along the main streets of the island and then on a boat to continue the procession.





### **Sailina island**

It is the “greenest” of the islands of the Aeolian archipelago and immediately recognizable by its twin craters, rich in vegetation.

Its name derives from a small lake in the hamlet of Lingua in the Municipality of S. Marina di Salina from which salt was extracted but, today, the commercially relevant activities on the island are above all the cultivation of Malvasia grapes and capers.

Its main port is Santa Marina, where there is also a tourist port, while on the south-west side there is the port of Rinella.

The most famous beach is Pollara, located under the steep cliff in the shape of an amphitheater overlooking the sea, and made famous by Massimo Troisi in the film "Il postino".

Finally, Salina is much loved by snorkeling enthusiasts due to its shallow waters and underwater volcanic activity.



### **Stromboli**

It is the only volcano in the Aeolian Islands still in explosive and eruptive activity.

Seen from the sea, one cannot help but be enchanted by the “Sciara del Fuoco”: a dusty gully where eruptive debris pours out and the lack of night lighting on the island makes this spectacle even more majestic.

Stromboli is full of beaches, both lava sand and pebbles, some equipped with lidos and restaurants, others wilder and more private, particularly appreciated by nudists.



### **Alicudi**

It is the furthest island (almost 34 miles from Lipari).

In Alicudi, time seems to have stopped in a dimension of semi-uncontaminated nature, where man lives simply, far from the frenzy of modern life, in an area of 5.2 km<sup>2</sup> where Mount Filo D'Arpa stands out.

There are no equipped beaches, banks or pharmacies on the island; in the small town (populated by about a hundred people) the only commercial activities are two grocery stores and as many restaurants on the port.

With its cliffs overlooking the sea, the absence of coves and shelters, the island of Alicudi reveals all its beauty from the sea, and it is therefore advisable to discover it by boat.



## Filicudi

The sea of Filicudi is full of inlets and bays with small beaches that can be easily reached by boat.

The most beautiful beaches are those of Porto and Pecorini, made up of pebbles, even if, depending on the winter storms, it can happen that large portions of them are transformed into beaches of very fine black volcanic sand, like those of Stromboli.

This island is considered a must-see destination for diving, with different levels of difficulty; from easy dives at 25 meters deep, to difficult or expert dives, which go beyond 50 meters.

The underwater archaeological museum is an exclusive attraction of the island that can be visited with the diving staff based in Filicudi.